overcome Graphdef cannot be larger than 2GB in tensorflow

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I am using tensorflow's imageNet trained model to extract the last pooling layer's features as representation vectors for a new dataset of images.

The model as is predicts on a new image as follows:

```
python classify_image.py --image_file new_image.jpeg
```

1

I edited the main function so that I can take a folder of images and return the prediction on all images at once and write the feature vectors in a csv file. Here is how I did that:

```
def main(_):
  maybe_download_and_extract()
  #image = (FLAGS.image_file if FLAGS.image_file else
  #         os.path.join(FLAGS.model_dir, 'cropped_panda.jpg'))
  #edit to take a directory of image files instead of a one file
  if FLAGS.data_folder:
    images_folder=FLAGS.data_folder
    list_of_images = os.listdir(images_folder)
  else:
    raise ValueError("Please specify image folder")

  with open("feature_data.csv", "wb") as f:
    feature_writer = csv.writer(f, delimiter='|')

    for image in list_of_images:
      print(image)
      current_features = run_inference_on_image(images_folder+"/"+image)
      feature_writer.writerow([image]+current_features)
```

It worked just fine for around 21 images but then crashed with the following error:

```
  File "/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/framework/ops.py", line 191
    raise ValueError("GraphDef cannot be larger than 2GB.")
ValueError: GraphDef cannot be larger than 2GB.
```

I thought by calling the method `run_inference_on_image(images_folder+"/"+image)` the previous image data would be overwritten to only consider the new image data, which doesn't seem to be the case. How to resolve this issue?

python tensorflow

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edited Apr 12 at 16:00 user3666197

asked Apr 1 '16 at 5:56 MedAli


9,760 2 18 36


1,410 20 45

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3 Answers

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The problem here is that each call to `run_inference_on_image()` *adds* nodes to the same graph, which eventually exceeds the maximum size. There are at least two ways to fix this:

1. The **easy but slow** way is to use a different default graph for each call to `run_inference_on_image()` :

```
for image in list_of_images:
  # ...
  with tf.Graph().as_default():
    current_features = run_inference_on_image(images_folder+"/"+image)
  # ...
```

2. The **more involved but more efficient** way is to modify `run_inference_on_image()` to run on multiple images. Relocate your `for` loop to surround this `sess.run()` call, and you will no longer have to reconstruct the entire model on each call, which should make processing each image much faster.

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edited Aug 9 '16 at 18:44

answered Apr 1 '16 at 14:28


mrry
47.6k 3 115 165

1 I went with the second option and it's faster. Thanks for idea! – MedAli Apr 1 '16 at 17:04

one question though, is there a way to pass an array of images instead of only one in the prediction part of the sess.run `predictions = sess.run(pool_3_tensor, {'DecodeJpeg/contents:0': image_data})` – MedAli Apr 1 '16 at 17:06

1 I think that particular feed point only works on a single image. It would be possible to change the graph so that it took a batch of images, but this would require creating a prefetching thread (using e.g. `tf.train.batch()`) to combine the images into a batch (which would have to all have the same size), and then feed into a slightly later point in the network. You would have to use the `input_map` argument to `tf.import_graph_def()` to change the tensor that is used as input. Since the structure of that particular graph is undocumented, it might be challenging though... – mrry Apr 1 '16 at 17:13

that's brilliant! thank you. – MedAli Apr 1 '16 at 18:26

Hello, can you explain what do you mean by surround the sess.run call? i've tried many different variations but i still run into the same error. thanks! :) – Wboy Jun 24 '16 at 14:07

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You can move the `create_graph()` to somewhere *before* this loop `for image in list_of_images:` (which loops over files).

2 What it does is performing inference multiple times on the same graph.

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edited Feb 9 at 23:23

answered Dec 22 '16 at 20:51

anh_ng8
542 5 14

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The simplest way is put `create_graph()` at the first of main function. Then, it just create graph only

0 share improve this answer

edited Mar 27 at 17:24

Div
2,794 9 14 34

answered Mar 27 at 17:01

SeokHyun Hwang
1 1
